

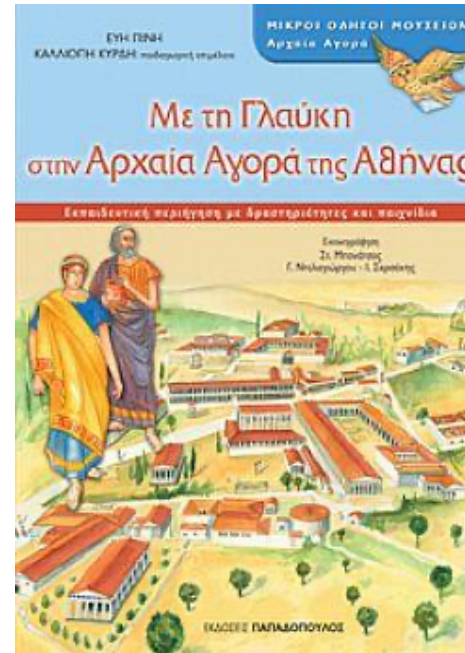
Katerina Volioti, "Entry on: Glafki at the Athenian Agora [Με τη Γλαύκη στην Αρχαία Αγορά της Αθήνας (Me ti Gláfki stin Archaía Agorá tis Athínas)] by Kalliope Kyrdi, Evi Pini", peer-reviewed by Susan Deacy and Elżbieta Olechowska. *Our Mythical Childhood Survey* (Warsaw: University of Warsaw, 2018). Link: <http://omc.obta.al.uw.edu.pl/myth-survey/item/95>. Entry version as of July 09, 2026.

Kalliope Kyrdi , Evi Pini

Glafki at the Athenian Agora [Με τη Γλαύκη στην Αρχαία Αγορά της Αθήνας (Me ti Gláfki stin Archaía Agorá tis Athínas)]

Greece (2008)

TAGS: [Agora](#) [Apollo](#) [Artemis](#) [Athena Ergane](#) [Attalos II](#) [Cimon / Kimon](#) [Eponymous Heroes](#) [Hephaestus](#) [Hephaisteion](#) [Hermes](#) [Ostracism](#) [Pindar](#) [Poseidon](#) [Pottery / Vases](#)



Courtesy of the Publisher.

General information	
<i>Title of the work</i>	Glafki at the Athenian Agora [Με τη Γλαύκη στην Αρχαία Αγορά της Αθήνας (Me ti Gláfki stin Archaía Agorá tis Athínas)]
<i>Country of the First Edition</i>	Greece
<i>Country/countries of popularity</i>	Greece
<i>Original Language</i>	Greek
<i>First Edition Date</i>	2008
<i>First Edition Details</i>	Evi Pini & Kalliope Kyrdi, <i>Με τη Γλαύκη στην Αρχαία Αγορά της Αθήνας</i> [Me ti Gláfki stin Archaía Agorá tis Athínas]. Short Museum Guides [Μικροί Οδηγοί Μουσείων (Mikroí Odígoí Mouseíon)] (Series), Athens: Papadopoulos Publishing, 2008, 40 pp.
<i>ISBN</i>	9789604129157
<i>Genre</i>	Illustrated works, Instructional and educational works, Puzzles and games
<i>Target Audience</i>	Children (6+)
<i>Author of the Entry</i>	Katerina Volioti, University of Roehampton, Katerina.Volioti@roehampton.ac.uk



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Creators



Kalliope Kyrdi (Author)

Kalliope Kyrdi studied Law and Pedagogy at the University of Athens, and has worked in primary school education. Kyrdi has been responsible for cultural matters in the 1st Directorate of Primary Education, Athens, since 2007.

Source:

[Profile](#) at the [epbooks.gr](#) (accessed: June 27, 2018).

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Evi Pini (Author)

Athens-born Evi Pini studied Archaeology at the Aristotle University of Thessaloniki. Pini has been working for the Greek Ministry of Culture since 1990, specialising in children's educational programmes.

Sources:

Information about the Author, see [here](#) (accessed: June 26, 2018).

Katerina Volioti, "Entry on: Glafki at the Athenian Agora [Με τη Γλάφυκη στην Αρχαία Αγορά της Αθήνας (Me ti Gláfki stīn Archaía Agorá tis Athínas)] by Kalliope Kyrdi, Evi Pini", peer-reviewed by Susan Deacy and Elżbieta Olechowska. *Our Mythical Childhood Survey* (Warsaw: University of Warsaw, 2018). Link: <http://omc.obta.al.uw.edu.pl/myth-survey/item/95>. Entry version as of July 09, 2026.

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This Project has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme under grant agreement No 681202, *Our Mythical Childhood... The Reception of Classical Antiquity in Children's and Young Adults' Culture in Response to Regional and Global Challenges*, ERC Consolidator Grant (2016–2021), led by Prof. Katarzyna Marciniak, Faculty of "Artes Liberales" of the University of Warsaw.

Additional information

Translation English: *Glafki at the Athenian agora. Short Museum Guides*, trans. Olympia Theofanopoulou, Athens: Papadopoulos Publishing, 2010, 64 pp.

Summary The opening page, entitled “instead of a preface,” explains that the book is about an explorative journey to the past, for which teachers and parents can prepare children before visiting the Agora. A talking bird guides children throughout the book. Appropriately, for Athens, the bird is an owl called “Glafki”, and we are given information about its symbolism in ancient Greece and about owls nesting in the Acropolis today. An illustration with a reconstructed view of the Agora from the 2nd century AD with buildings from different periods is helpful since any visitor to the Agora encounters many layers of ancient buildings.

To help with gap-filling, Glafki gives us a chronological timeframe, from Neolithic times to the end of the Classical period. The stress is in the 5th century BCE, for which Glafki offers more dates of historical “landmarks” that affected Classical Athens. Children’s learning about the Agora starts with daily-life events rather than with the affairs of the state. The workings of democracy feature later on in the book. Children are asked to observe a black-figured vase scene from a blacksmith’s workshop and imagine that such a workshop operated in a Classical Agora.

As children enter the Museum, the objectives of their exploratory journey change.

Children now need to observe small finds rather than going back in time and envisaging ancient people’s interactions with one another and with the Agora’s physical and built environment. Glafki takes us to showcases with ceramic finds, and children pay attention to a red-figured kylix and a black-figured fragmentary krater. The latter, a masterpiece by Exekias showing Herakles’ procession to Olympos and name inscriptions for gods, offers an opportunity for a brief reference to mythology.

The aftermath of the visit is several interactive activities, including



making ancient objects using plasticine, clay, and cans, which children can complete "at home and at school." At the end, children are asked to practice their creative writing skills by describing what they would see if they were at the Agora one morning in antiquity. Once again, we have a journey back in time and space. The book closes with answers to previous pages' questions, which is much needed as some exercises may be difficult for very young children. On the last page, we have Glafki's reading list, which features works by Anglophone scholars and details about the book's illustrations.

Analysis

The Athenian Agora is a large archaeological site with a museum housed in the Stoa of Attalos. This is the only guide in the series translated into English, perhaps targeting American visitors to the Agora. There is a strong link between the Agora and the American School of Classical Studies in Athens. The American excavations of the Agora commenced in 1931*. The book's content is exceptionally rich, offering historical and archaeological information, illustrations (and reconstructions) of artifacts and buildings, and exercises that help children's learning. The three illustrators have done a superb job with their accurate drawings of artworks and buildings.

In line with the book's objective to make children appreciate ancient experience(s), the emphasis is on what people's frequentation of Classical Agora entailed. Thus, children are encouraged to think about who visited the Agora (mostly males), what people saw in terms of buildings and trees, and the range of activities there (including religious processions).

Subsequent pages are more heavily laden with material about public buildings, monuments, democratic institutions, and the level of knowledge acquisition here is relatively high. Children will need to apply this knowledge in deciding who can hold office by reading five senators' statements. The senators' garments here may recall those of Roman officials, especially as known from Hollywood films. There will be more on magistrates and voting in the book once children visit the Museum of the Athenian Agora. Prior to that, and presumably, while children are still in the archaeological site, there is a presentation of the Hephaisteion, which is shown in reconstruction, and of the gods Hephaistos and Athena Ergane. Mythological context is not provided here. The description of the stoas entails accurate information about



their function and appearance, ancient and modern.

Classical, Mythological,
Traditional Motifs,
Characters, and
Concepts

[Agora](#) [Apollo](#) [Artemis](#) [Athena](#) [Ergane](#) [Attalos II](#) [Cimon / Kimon](#)
[Eponymous Heroes](#) [Hephaestus](#) [Hephaisteion](#) [Hermes](#) [Ostracism](#)
[Pindar](#) [Poseidon](#) [Pottery / Vases](#)

Other Motifs, Figures,
and Concepts Relevant
for Children and Youth
Culture

[Animals](#) [Heritage](#) [Historical figures](#) [History](#) [Journeys](#) [Past Relationships](#)

Further Reading

[Information](#) about the book at epbooks.gr, published 15 September 2010 (accessed: August 2, 2018).

Addenda

Published in English (translated from Greek by Olympia Theofanopoulou).

Illustrations by Stamatis Bonatsos.

The entry is based on Evi Pini & Kalliopi Kyrdi, *Glafki at the Athenian agora. Short Museum Guides*, trans. Olympia Theofanopoulou, Athens: Papadopoulos Publishing, 2010, 64 pp.

